FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION



COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2011

Roll	Number

HISTORY OF PAKISTAN & INDIA, PAPER-I

	<u> </u>				30 MINUT 2 HOURS	TES & 30 MINUTES				ARKS: 20 ARKS: 80
	<u>EE 1</u> E: (i)		N N	/		te Answer Sheet w	hich :			
	(•••)	minute						1.		
	(ii)	Overw	riting/cut	ting of the op	ptions/answ	ers will not be giv	ven ci	redit.		
				(PART-	I MCQs) ((COMPULSORY)				
Q.1.	Sel	ect the best	option/and	wer and fill i	in the annr a	opriate box on the	Anci	vor Shoot	(1)	x 20=20)
Q.1.	501	cet the best	option/and		in the appre	priate box on the	Allsv	ver Sneet.	(1)	X 20–20)
(i)	Daula	at Khan Loc	lhi was go	vernor of:						
	(a)	Multan	(b)	Lahore	(c)	Delhi	(d)	Sialkot	(e)	None of thes
(ii)	Shaik	h Mubarik	was father	of:						
	(a)	Abdul Qad	lir Badaun	i (b)	Faizi	(c) Abul Fazal	(d)	Nagouri	(e)	None of thes
(iii)	Dilav	ver Khan wa	as sent to v	welcome Bab	ur by:					
	(a)	Sikander K	Chan Lodh	i	(b)	Daulat Khan Loc	lhi			
	(c)	Ibrahim Lo	odhi		(d)	Alam Khan Lodł	ni		(e)	None of thes
(iv)	Rani	Ladi was:								
	(a)	A brave la	dy (b)	Sister of Da	ahir (c)	Widow of Dahir	(d)	Widow of C	Chach (e) None of the
(v)	Majo	rity of the p	opulation	of Sindh was	:					
	(a)	Jat	(b)	Meds	(c)	Muslims	(d)	Buddhist	(e)	None of thes
(vi)	Subu	ktagin died	in:							
	(a)	August, 99	b 7 (b)	November,	997 (c)	September, 997	(d)	August, 9	98 (e)	None of these
(vii)	Battle	e of Tarain	was fought	t in:						
	(a)	1010	(b)	1009	(c)	1011	(d)	1012	(e)	None of thes
(viii)	Qutb	-ud-din Bak	htiyar Kak	ti came from:						
	(a)	Baghdad	(b)	Bukhara	(c)	Ghazni	(d)	Ush	(e)	None of thes
(ix)	Qutb	Minar was	built by:							
	(a)	Qut-ud-din	ı Aibak	(b) Quba	cha (c)	Illtutmish (d	l) A	lla-ud-Din	(e) l	None of these
(x)	Nazir	n-ul-Mulk J	Junaidi wa	s wazir of:						
	(a)	Nur-ud-Di	n Mubarik		(b)	Mahmud Ghazna	wi			
	(c)	Iltutmish	(d)	Qutb-ud-Di	in Aibak		(e)	None of the	nese	
(xi)	Muiz	-ud-din Beh	nram was c	lethroned on:						
	(a)	5 th March, 1	241 (b)	7 th April, 12	242 (c)	9 th May, 1242	(d)	8 th May, 1	241 (e) None of the
(xii)	Balba	n was appo	ointed as A	mir-i-Hajib b	y:					
	(a)	Najmuddir	n Abu Bak	ar	(b)	Alauddin Masoo	d			
	(c)	Nasiruddin	n Mahmud		(d)	Qutabuddin Huss	sain		(e) None of the
(xiii)	Malik	x Jalaluddin	Firuz asce	ended the thro	one on:					
	(a)	14 th June, 12	291 (b)	14 th June, 1	290 (c)	13 th June, 1289	(d)	14 th June, 1	1292 (e) None of the
										Page 1 of 2

HISTORY OF PAKISTAN & INDIA, PAPER-I

(xiv)	Bugh	ra Khan was son	of:								
	(a)	Kishlu Khan	(b)	Balban	(c)	Kaiqubad (d	I) N	Muh	ammad Khan	(e)	None of these
(xv)	The a	author of Fawaid	-ul-Fu	ad is:							
	(a)	Balakhi	(b)	Amir Khusrau	(c)	Amir Hassan	(d)	Aufi (e)	Non	e of these
(xvi)	Deva	giri was made ca	ipital v	with the name of I	Daulata	bad by:					
	(a)	Allauddin Khilj	i		(b)	Giyath-ud-Din	Tug	hluc	1		
	(c)	Muhammad Bir	n Tugh	lluq	(d)	Firuz Tughluk	(e)	None of these		
(xvii)	The s	second battle of F	Panipa	t was fought on:							
	(a)	2 nd November, 1	1555	(b)	2 nd Oc	tober, 1556					
	(c)	15 November, 1	555	(d)	2 nd No	vember, 1556	(e)	None of these		
(xviii)	Qand	lahar was conque	ered by	Humayun in:							
	(a)	September, 1545	(b)	September, 1544	(c)	October, 1545	(d)	March, 1545	(e)	None of these
(xix)	Battl	e of Chausa was	startec	l on:							
	(a)	26 th February, 1	539		(b)	26 th March, 154	40				
	(c)	26 June, 1539			(d)	20 th June, 1540) (e)	None of these		
(xx)	The b	oattle of Haldi Gł	nati wa	as fought on:							
	(a)	18 th June, 1576			(b)	15 th June, 1557	7				
	(c)	16 th June, 1577			(d)	15 th June, 1567	' (e)	None of these		

PART-II

NOTE:(i)	PART-II is to be attempted on separate Answer Book.
(ii)	Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II. All questions carry EQUAL marks.
(iii)	Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be
	considered.

Q.2.	'Akbar fully realized the absence of national spirit in the Mughal Empire and tried to build one, but history of his dynasty records that he failed in the task'. In this context discuss Akbar's policy towards non-Muslims.	(20)
Q.3.	'Internal consolidation rather than territorial expansion was the keynote of Bulban's policy'. Elucidate.	(20)
Q.4.	'By his political reforms and policy of religious toleration Sher Shah laid the foundation of an enlightened government'. Discuss.	(20)
Q.5.	'Illtutmish was the real founder of Sultanates of Delhi'. Build your own argument on the statement with relevant facts.	(20)
Q.6.	Khanqahs played an important role in the demonstration of Islamic idea of Tauheed as a working principle in the social life of India. Discuss.	(20)
Q.7.	Evaluate the role of Ulama and Umara in the development of Sultanate of Delhi.	(20)
Q.8.	Analyse the impact of the conquest of Sindh led by Muhammad Bin Qasim. Is it correct to say that this conquest was a mere episode in the history of Sub-continent?	(20)

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Roll	Number

HISTORY OF PAKISTAN & INDIA, PAPER-II

TIME ALLOWED: (PART-I M				•	/	MINU			MAXIMUM MARKS: 20				
THREE HOURS (PART-II)							<u>S & 30 MINU</u>				MARKS: 80		
NO	ГЕ: (i) First at minutes	-	ART-I (M	ICQs) or	n separ	ate Answer Sho	eet which	shall be t	aken bac	ck after 30		
	(ii			tting of t	he optio	ns/ans	wers will not k	oe given o	redit.				
		,	8		•			0					
				<u>(PA</u>	RT-I M	CQs)	(COMPULSO	<u>(RY)</u>					
Q.1.	Se	elect the best	option/an	iswer and	l fill in th	e app	ropriate box o	n the Ans	wer Shee	et. (1 x 20=20)		
			-				•						
(i)		jab National		•	s rounded		1021	(1)	1025				
<i>(</i>)		1923	~ /	1922	(1 D '('	(c)	1931	(d)	1925	(e)	None of these		
(ii)							ernment to kee	p India ui	nited?				
	(a)	The Simla C		e	. ,		oinet Mission				NL CA		
<i></i>	(c)	Cripps Miss		1			inal Award	• • •		(e)	None of these		
(iii)					awarded		e of the Quaid-		1020				
<i>(</i> •)		1947	(b)	1937	1 1 .	(c)	1940	(d)	1938	(e)	None of these		
(iv)		uchistan Mus	-		unded in		1020	(1)	1026				
		1940	(b)	1935	. 1 .	(c)	1939	(d)	1926	(e)	None of these		
(v)			t Chief M	lartial La			or of Pakistan?						
		Z.A.Bhutto	171		(b)		I.Sayyid	,•			6.4		
< • \		Ghulam Isha	-	1	(d)		vab Akbar Bug			(e) No	ne of these		
(vi)				-	owth in P		n according to						
/ ···	. ,	3.1%		2.6%	1 / 1 *	(c)	1.5%	~ /	2.7%	(e)	None of these		
(V11)		•			ducted in		tan up till 2010		0				
/ ····	(a)		(b)	6		(c)	7		8	(e)	None of these		
(V111)			-	-			istan National						
<i>/</i> • \	(a)		(b)			. ,		(d)			None of these		
(ix)							ound Table Cor		1930 - 193	32)?			
	(a)	Fatima Jinna		Annie E		(c)	Jahan Ara Gu						
	(d)	Begum Jaha				(e)	None of these						
(x)							ment) Bill was						
		November, 2					(c) July, 200	. ,	May, 20	008 (e)	None of these		
(xi)		U		ppositior			indh Assembly	/ was:					
	(a)	Shah Faridu	-		. ,		az Ali Bhutto						
	(c)	Muhammad		•	(d)	Mola	Bux Soomro	(e)	None of	these			
(xii)		a Samaj was											
	(a)	1879	(b)	1880		(c)	1875	(d)	1885	(e)	None of these		
(xiii)		oughts on Pa		as writter	n by:								
(xiii)		oughts on Pa I. H. Quresh Khalid B. Sa	i	as writter	n by:	(b)	Chaudhary M Dr. Ambedka		l Ali				

HISTORY OF PAKISTAN & INDIA, PAPER-II

(xiv)	Bah	awalpur Museun	n was	established in:						
	(a)	1971	(b)	1972	(c)	1973	(d)	1974	(e)	None of these
(xv)	The	British Governm	nent s	hifted her capital	from C	alcutta to Delhi in	:			
	(a)	1911	(b)	1912	(c)	1914	(d)	1916	(e)	None of these
(xvi)	Wh	o spoke in favou	r of La	ahore Resolution	?					
	(a)	Maulana Hasrat	Moh	ani	(b)	Maulana Shabbir	Ahm	ad Usmani		
	(c)	Maulana Abdul	Ham	id Badayuni	(d)	Maulana Abdus	Sattar	Niazi	(e)	None of these
(xvii)	Wh	o supported 'Pak	istan I	Resolution'?						
	(a)	Raj Gopalachar	ia		(b)	Abul Kalam Aza	d			
	(c)	M.K. Gandhi			(d)	Lala Lajpat Rai			(e)	None of these
(xviii)	The	powers of Indian	n Leg	islative Councils	were in	creased by:				
	(a)	Communal Awa	ard		(b)	Minto-Marley Re	eform	8		
	(c)	Gandhi-Irwin P	act		(d)	Simon Commissi	ion		(e)	None of these
(xix)	The Act		a gave	e a call of strike a	s a prote	est against the prop	posed	amendmen	ts in th	e Blasphemy
	(a)	May 18, 2001	(b)	May 25, 2002	(c)	May 19, 2000	(d)	May 1, 20)05	(e) None of these
(xx)	The	last general elec	tions	in Pakistan were	held in:					
	(a)	2002	(b)	2003	(c)	2006	(d)	2008	(e)	None of these
					<u>PAR</u>	T-II				
NOT				e attempted on se	-					_
	(ii (ii	· •		-		PART-II. All que art of the attemp		•	-	
	(L	considered	-	n any question 0	n any p	att of the attemp	ieu q	ucsuoli wli	i not t	

Q.2.	The Allahabad Address of Dr. Muhammad Iqbal was a synthesis of several schemes and proposals presented by the Indian Muslims for the solution of Hindu-Muslim issues. Give an historical account of all these schemes and proposals.	(20)
Q.3.	Discuss different socio-political and religious issues among the Hindus and Muslims, which ended with the 'parting of ways' among them.	(20)
Q.4.	Critically evaluate the socio-economic and religio-political effects of the Khilafat Movement on the life of Indian Muslims.	(20)
Q.5.	Quaid-i-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah was the first Governor General of Pakistan. How do you analyse his administration as a trend setter and a role model for the good governance in present day Pakistan?	(20)
Q.6.	Trace out the originality of thoughts of at least five Pakistani social intellectuals. Also give a detailed account of their thoughts.	(20)
Q.7.	Give a historical survey of Pakistan's relations with Turkey.	(20)
Q.8.	Separation of East Pakistan was a very tragic incident not only for Pakistan but also for the entire Muslim World. Keeping in mind the socio-political causes of this incident, highlight the role played by foreign countries in the separation of East Pakistan.	(20)
